

Summer Vacation

HOLIDAY HOMEWORK

SESSION 2026-27

Make your vacation
meaningful, fun-filled
and full of learning!

Name : _____

Class & Section : _____

Roll No.: _____

EXPLORE

LEARN

ENJOY

GROW

READ

LEARN

GROW

Question No. 1 to 5 are based on the given text. Read the text carefully and answer the questions:

The true test of any election system is its ability to ensure a free and fair electoral process. If we want democracy to be translated into reality on the ground, it is important that the election system is impartial and transparent. The system of election must also allow the aspirations of the voter to find legitimate expression through the electoral results. Several efforts have been made in India to ensure a free and fair election system and process. Article 324 of the Indian Constitution provides for an independent Election Commission for the 'superintendence, direction and control of the electoral roll and the conduct of elections' in India. These words in the Constitution are very important, for they give the Election Commission a decisive role in virtually everything to do with elections.

1. Which of the following is a test of any elections?
 - a. That it witnesses a large number of voters
 - b. Elections are conducted on regular basis
 - c. Elections do not lead to the formation of any coalition governments
 - d. Elections are conducted in a free and fair manner
2. In India, which body is responsible for conducting elections?
 - a. Municipal Corporation
 - b. Union Public Service Commission
 - c. Election Commission
 - d. Ministry of Human Resources and Development
3. Which Article of the Indian Constitution lays the provision for independent Election Commission?
 - a. Article 150
 - b. Article 236
 - c. Article 324
 - d. Article 32 (a)
4. If the elections are transparent and impartial, _____ is considered successful.
 - a. Election campaigning
 - b. Voting pattern
 - c. Electoral list
 - d. Democracy
5. Which of the following is not a duty of the election commission?
 - a. Superintendence of election
 - b. Conduct local body elections
 - c. Declare election result
 - d. Control the electoral roll
6. The minimum age limit for exercising Right to vote in India is
 - a. 18 years
 - b. 20 years
 - c. 21 years
 - d. 25 years
7. Which one of the following arguments is against the Universal Adult Franchise?
 - a. It ensures political equality
 - b. It makes people politically awakened
 - c. It inculcates anti-nationalism
 - d. It is democratic
8. Which of these is not a good reason to say that Indian elections are democratic?
 - a. In India, the losing parties accept the electoral verdict.
 - b. India's Election Commission is very powerful.
 - c. India has the largest number of voters in the world.

HISTORY

WORKSHEET NO. 1

Chapter 2: Writing and City Life:

Section A: Multiple Choice Questions (1 mark each)

1. The earliest cities in Mesopotamia developed in:
 - a) Egypt
 - b) Sumer
 - c) Harappa
 - d) Persia
2. The writing system in Mesopotamia is known as:
 - a) Hieroglyphics
 - b) Brahmi
 - c) Cuneiform
 - d) Latin
3. Which river was crucial to Mesopotamian civilization?
 - a) Nile
 - b) Tigris
 - c) Indus
 - d) Ganga
4. Mesopotamian temples were called:
 - a) Ziggurats
 - b) Pagodas
 - c) Stupas
 - d) Cathedrals
5. Which material was commonly used for writing in Mesopotamia?
 - a) Palm leaves
 - b) Papyrus
 - c) Clay tablets
 - d) Animal skins
6. The script of Mesopotamia was initially used for:
 - a) Writing poetry
 - b) Religious texts
 - c) Trade transactions
 - d) Court orders
7. Which of the following is NOT true about Mesopotamian society?
 - a) It was urban
 - b) It had social hierarchies
 - c) It had no laws
 - d) It depended on agriculture
8. Mesopotamian scribes were:
 - a) Farmers
 - b) Priests
 - c) Soldiers
 - d) Record keepers

Physical Education

Instructions for Students :

- Complete all questions in neat handwriting.
- Learn MCQs properly for revision.
- Draw diagrams and symbols wherever required.
- Use separate notebook pages for each chapter.
- Submit holiday homework after summer vacation.
- Revise Chapters 1 and 2 regularly.

Chapter 1: Changing Trends & Career in Physical Education

MCQ (1 Mark Each)

1. Physical education develops:

- a) Body only
b) Mind only
c) Overall personality
d) None

2. Which career is related to physical education?

- a) Coach
b) Physiotherapist
c) Yoga Trainer
d) All of these

3. Khelo India programme was launched by:

- a) CBSE
b) Government of India
c) IOC
d) SAI

4. Olympics are organized after every:

- a) 2 years
- b) 3 years
- c) 4 years
- d) 5 years

5. Sports journalism is related to:

- a) News reporting of sports
b) Coaching
c) Fitness

d) Training

6. The full form of SAI is:

- a) Sports Authority of India
b) Sports Association of India
c) School Authority of India
d) Sports Academy India

7. Physical education helps in improving:

- a) Discipline
b) Leadership
c) Fitness
d) All of these

8. Adventure sports include:

- a) Mountaineering
b) Cricket
c) Chess
d) Kho-Kho

9. Which of the following is a career option in sports?

- a) Umpire
b) Referee
c) Commentator
d) All of these

10. Yoga helps in improving:

- a) Flexibility
b) Stress management
c) Concentration
d) All of these

2 Marks Questions

- 1. Define physical education.**
- 2. What is sports journalism?**
- 3. Write any two objectives of physical education.**
- 4. What is adventure sports?**
- 5. Mention any two career options in physical education.**
- 6. What is the role of yoga in daily life?**
- 7. Define wellness.**
- 8. What is Khelo India programme?**
- 9. Write any two qualities of a good coach.**
- 10. Mention two benefits of physical activities.**

3 Marks Questions

1. Explain the importance of physical education.
2. Describe any three career opportunities in sports.
3. Explain the objectives of adventure sports.
4. Write three benefits of yoga.
5. Explain the role of physical education in personality development.
6. Describe the functions of Sports Authority of India (SAI).
7. Explain the importance of fitness and wellness.
8. Write short notes on sports journalism.
9. Mention any three qualities required for sports management.
10. Explain the role of media in sports promotion.

5 Marks Questions

1. Explain changing trends in physical education.
2. Discuss various career options in physical education.
3. Explain the importance of yoga and wellness in modern life.
4. Describe the role of physical education in all-round development.
5. Explain the importance of adventure sports.
6. Discuss the role of media in the field of sports.
7. Explain the functions of Sports Authority of India.
8. Describe the qualities and responsibilities of a coach.
9. Explain the role of physical education in improving health and fitness.
10. Discuss the importance of physical education in schools.

Chapter 2: Olympic Value Education

MCQ (1 Mark Each)

- 1. The Olympic flag has:**

- a) 4 rings
b) 5 rings
c) 6 rings
d) 7 rings

- ## 2. The Olympic motto is:

- a) Play for Peace
b) Faster, Higher, Stronger
c) Unity in Sports
d) Health is Wealth

- ### 3. The founder of modern Olympics was:

- a) Pierre de Coubertin
b) James Naismith
c) Adolf Hitler
d) Abhinav Bindra

- a) FIFA
b) IOC
c) BCCI
d) SAI

ENGLISH CORE

Project Work

Prepare an art integrated project on Manipur. The project should **include at least three** of the following aspects: •People •Culture and heritage •Food •Language •Festival

This project should be submitted as a separate file to your subject teacher on the first day of school after the summer break.

Assignment

Do the following questions in your subject notebook itself.

Literature

- I. Do you find the title 'The Portrait of a Lady' appropriate? Justify your stand.
- II. Give a character sketch of Khushwant Singh's grandmother.
- III. What was the biggest surprise for the family when they prepared her for cremation? Have you come across any such incident in your life?
- IV. When and where were the three cousins photographed?
- V. Would you agree that the author's grandmother was a person strong in character? If yes, give instances that show this?
- VI. 'Our optimistic attitude helps us to face extremely dangerous situations.' Discuss with reference to the story 'We're Not Afraid to Die....'
- VII. Give a brief description of the narrator's boat. How had the narrator equipped and tested it?

Writing

1. More and more people choose to eat out. Write an article in about 150-200 words for your school magazine discussing this trend
In your article you should
 - Highlight the growing trend of eating out
 - Explain its causes
 - Discuss its advantages and disadvantages
2. List out 10 things you want to do in your life .Explain the reason for the same in to 3-4 lines each.
3. While enjoying your holidays try to find some time and read newspaper regularly to remain alert and well informed. Write any five news that you find of your interest. Mention date and news paper name also.

Grammar

1. Fill in the blanks with an appropriate verb form. This grammar exercise tests your understanding of various tense forms.

MUSIC

1. संगीत कितने प्रकार का होता है?
 - a) 2
 - b) 3
 - c) 4
 - d) 5
2. आहत नाद का मुख्य आधार क्या होता है?
 - a) वस्तुओं के टकराने से
 - b) घर्षण
 - c) वायु के परवेश से
 - d) उपरोक्त सभी
3. अलंकार का प्रयोग क्यों किया जाता है?
 - a) स्वर साधना हेतु
 - b) ताल समाप्त करने हेतु
 - c) गीत लिखने हेतु
 - d) वाद्य निर्माण हेतु
4. भारतीय संगीत में स्वर कितने प्रकार के होते हैं?
 - a) एक
 - b) दो
 - c) तीन
 - d) चार
5. निम्न में से कौन-सा ग्राम प्राचीन काल में लुप्त हो गया था ?
 - a) गांधार ग्राम
 - b) पंचम ग्राम
 - c) षड्ज ग्राम
 - d) निषाद ग्राम
6. विकृत स्वर कितने होते हैं?
 - a) 12
 - b) 22
 - c) 7
 - d) 5
7. भारतीय संगीत में कितनी श्रुति मानी गयी है
 - a) 20
 - b) 21
 - c) 22
 - d) 15
8. राग की स्वर लिपि संगीत के किस रूप में आती है ?
 - a) शास्त्रीय रूप
 - b) भाव रूप
 - c) क्रियात्मक रूप
 - d) इनमें से कोई नहीं
9. कोमल स्वर की पहचान क्या है?
 - a) नीचे बिंदु
 - b) उपर बिंदु

HINDI

विद्यार्थी हेतु निर्देश:-

1. कार्य स्वच्छ एवं सुन्दर लिखावट में करें।
2. परियोजना फाइल तैयार करें।
3. समय पर कार्य पूर्ण कर विद्यालय खुलने पर जमा करें।

1. रचनात्मक लेखन

निम्नलिखित विषयों पर अनुच्छेद लिखें लगभग 200-250 शब्दों में।

- (क) लड़का- लड़की एक समान
(ख) काश! मैं प्रधानमंत्री होता
(ग) परीक्षा का दिन
(घ) वर्तमान युग में रिश्ते-नातों की कम होती अहमियत
(ङ) स्वप्न में की गई दूसरे ग्रह की यात्रा।

2. સાહિત્ય અધ્યયન

निम्न पाठों का अध्ययन करके उनके सार लिखें।

- (क) नमक का दारोगा
(ख) घर की याद
(ग) विदाई संभाषण
(घ) चंपा काले अक्षर नहीं चीन्हती

3. परियोजना कार्य

किसी एक विषय पर परियोजना फाइल तैयार करें प्रत्येक विद्यार्थी का विषय अलग होना चाहिए

(पृष्ठों की संख्या 12-14)

4. अपनी 'मां' के नाम एक वृक्ष लगाएं।

शुभकामनाएँ

“अवकाश का सदुपयोग ही सफलता की पहली सीढ़ी है।”

GEORAPHY

WORKSHEET NO. 1

Chapter 1: Geography as a Discipline:

I-Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) - 1 mark each

1. Geography is an integrating discipline that studies:
 - A) Only human aspects
 - B) Only physical aspects
 - C) Both human and physical aspects
 - D) Neither human nor physical aspects
2. The term "geography" comes from the Greek words:
 - A) Geo (earth) and graphia (description)
 - B) Geo (earth) and logos (study)
 - C) Graphia (description) and anthropos (human)
 - D) Logos (study) and anthropos (human)
3. Geography is concerned with the study of:
 - A) Earth's physical features
 - B) Human activities and settlements
 - C) Interactions between humans and environment
 - D) All of the above
4. Which branch of geography deals with the study of natural environment?
 - A) Human geography
 - B) Physical geography
 - C) Regional geography
 - D) Geographical techniques
5. Geographical techniques include:
 - A) Mapping and cartography
 - B) Remote sensing and GIS
 - C) Statistical analysis
 - D) All of the above

II-True or False Questions - 1 mark each

1. Geography is a social science that only studies human aspects. (True/False)
2. Physical geography deals with the study of human activities. (True/False)
3. Geography is an interdisciplinary field that borrows concepts from other disciplines. (True/False)
4. Regional geography focuses on the study of specific regions. (True/False)
5. Geographical techniques are used only in geography. (True/False)

III-Assertion-Reason Questions - 1 mark each

1. Assertion: Geography is an integrating discipline.
Reason: Geography studies both human and physical aspects of the environment.
2. Assertion: Physical geography deals with the study of natural environment.
Reason: Physical geography studies the Earth's physical features and processes.

1. Discuss the importance of geography in understanding the world around us. How does geography contribute to solving real-world problems?

WORKSHEET NO. 2

Chapter 2: The Origin and Evolution of the Earth:

I-Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) - 1 mark each

1. According to the Big Bang theory, the universe began as a single point and expanded rapidly around:
A) 4.6 billion years ago
B) 13.8 billion years ago
C) 20 billion years ago
D) 10 billion years ago
2. The process of differentiation in the early Earth led to the formation of:
A) Crust, mantle, and core
B) Oceans and atmosphere
C) Mountains and valleys
D) Continents and oceans
3. The most widely accepted theory of the origin of life on Earth is:
A) Spontaneous generation
B) Panspermia
C) Chemical evolution
D) Biogenesis
4. The Earth's atmosphere was formed mainly through:
A) Solar winds
B) Volcanic activity
C) Cometary impacts
D) Photosynthesis
5. The supercontinent of Pangaea began to break apart during the:
A) Jurassic period
B) Triassic period
C) Cretaceous period
D) Paleogene period

II-True or False Questions - 1 mark each

1. The universe is still expanding today. (True/False)
2. The Earth's core is composed mainly of silicate rocks. (True/False)
3. The atmosphere of the early Earth was rich in oxygen. (True/False)
4. The process of plate tectonics is responsible for the formation of mountain ranges. (True/False)
5. The Earth is thought to have formed around 4.6 billion years ago. (True/False)

III-Assertion-Reason Questions - 1 mark each

1. Assertion: The Earth's atmosphere is composed mainly of nitrogen and oxygen.
Reason: The atmosphere was formed mainly through volcanic activity.
2. Assertion: The process of differentiation led to the formation of the Earth's core.
Reason: The core is composed mainly of silicate rocks.

WORKSHEET NO. 3

Chapter 3: Interior of the Earth:

I-Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) - 1 mark each

1. The Earth's interior is divided into several layers based on:
A) Chemical composition
B) Physical properties
C) Both A and B
D) None of the above
2. The Mohorovičić discontinuity (Moho) separates the:
A) Crust and mantle
B) Mantle and core
C) Inner and outer core
D) Crust and atmosphere
3. The Earth's core is composed mainly of:
A) Silicate rocks
B) Iron and nickel
C) Magnesium and aluminum
D) Calcium and potassium
4. The Gutenberg discontinuity is located at the boundary between the:
A) Crust and mantle
B) Mantle and outer core
C) Outer core and inner core
D) Mantle and atmosphere
5. Seismic waves generated by earthquakes help us understand the Earth's interior by:
A) Providing direct visual evidence
B) Measuring the temperature of the interior
C) Revealing the composition and structure of the interior
D) Determining the age of the Earth

II-True or False Questions - 1 mark each

1. The Earth's crust is the thickest layer of the Earth's interior. (True/False)
2. The Mohorovičić discontinuity is a sharp boundary between the crust and mantle. (True/False)
3. The Earth's inner core is liquid. (True/False)
4. Seismic waves travel at the same speed through all layers of the Earth's interior. (True/False)
5. Gravity measurements help us understand the density of the Earth's interior. (True/False)

III-Assertion-Reason Questions - 1 mark each

1. Assertion: The Earth's core is composed mainly of iron and nickel.
Reason: The core's composition is inferred from the study of meteorites.
2. Assertion: Seismic waves travel faster through the mantle than the crust.

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- Reason: The layers have distinct chemical compositions.

- Reason: It's a sharp boundary between the crust and mantle.

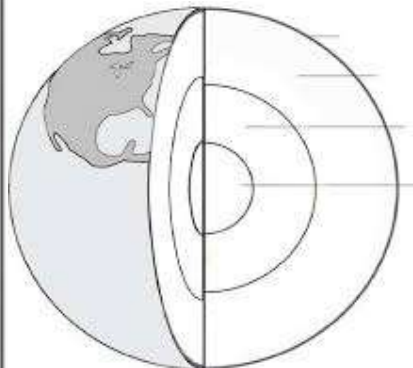
- Reason: Gravity measurements provide information about the density of the interior.

IV-Short Answer Questions - 3 marks each

- ### V-Long Answer Question - 5 marks

- ### VI-Diagram-Based Case Study - 4 marks

Study the diagram of the Earth's interior below:



1. Label the different layers of the Earth's interior in the diagram.
2. Describe the main differences in composition between the crust, mantle, and core.

Reason: It's a zone of seafloor spreading where new oceanic crust is created.

3. Assertion: The continents have changed their positions over time.

Reason: Continental drift is the process of movement of continents over time.

4. Assertion: The Earth's surface is divided into 7 major continents.

Reason: The continents are separated by oceans.

5. Assertion: The Pacific Ocean is the largest ocean.

Reason: It's located between the Americas and Asia.

IV-Short Answer Questions - 3 marks each

1. Describe the distribution of oceans and continents on Earth. How do plate tectonics influence this distribution?
2. What is continental drift? Provide evidence that supports the theory of continental drift.

V-Long Answer Question - 5 marks

1. Describe the process of plate tectonics and its role in shaping the Earth's surface. How do plate boundaries influence the distribution of oceans and continents?

VI-Map-Based Case Study - 4 marks

Study the world map below and answer the questions:



1. Identify and label the 7 major continents on the map.
2. Describe the distribution of oceans around the continents. Which ocean is the largest?

WORKSHEET NO. 5

Chapter 5: Geomorphic Processes:

I-Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) - 1 mark each

1. Which of the following is an example of an exogenic geomorphic process?
 - A) Volcanism
 - B) Earthquakes
 - C) Weathering
 - D) Plate tectonics
2. The process of wearing away of rocks by wind, water, and ice is called:
 - A) Deposition
 - B) Erosion
 - C) Weathering
 - D) Denudation
3. Which type of weathering involves the breakdown of rocks into smaller fragments without changing their chemical composition?
 - A) Chemical weathering
 - B) Physical weathering
 - C) Biological weathering
 - D) Mechanical weathering
4. Erosion is the process of:
 - A) Wearing away of rocks
 - B) Transportation of sediment
 - C) Deposition of sediment
 - D) All of the above
5. Which of the following is an example of a geomorphic agent?
 - A) River
 - B) Glacier
 - C) Wind
 - D) All of the above

II-True or False Questions - 1 mark each

1. Geomorphic processes shape the Earth's surface. (True/False)
2. Endogenic processes occur on the Earth's surface. (True/False)
3. Weathering is the process of transportation of sediment. (True/False)
4. Erosion is the process of wearing away of rocks. (True/False)
5. Deposition occurs when the energy of the geomorphic agent increases. (True/False)

III-Assertion-Reason Questions - 1 mark each

1. Assertion: Geomorphic processes shape the Earth's surface.
Reason: Geomorphic processes include weathering, erosion, and deposition.

2. Assertion: Physical weathering involves the breakdown of rocks into smaller fragments without changing their chemical composition.
Reason: Physical weathering occurs due to temperature fluctuations, freeze-thaw cycles, and mechanical forces.
3. Assertion: Erosion is the process of wearing away of rocks.
Reason: Erosion involves the removal and transportation of sediment.
4. Assertion: Deposition occurs when the energy of the geomorphic agent decreases.
Reason: Deposition occurs when the geomorphic agent can no longer carry its load.
5. Assertion: Geomorphic agents like rivers and glaciers shape the Earth's surface.
Reason: Geomorphic agents can erode, transport, and deposit sediment.

IV-Short Answer Questions - 3 marks each

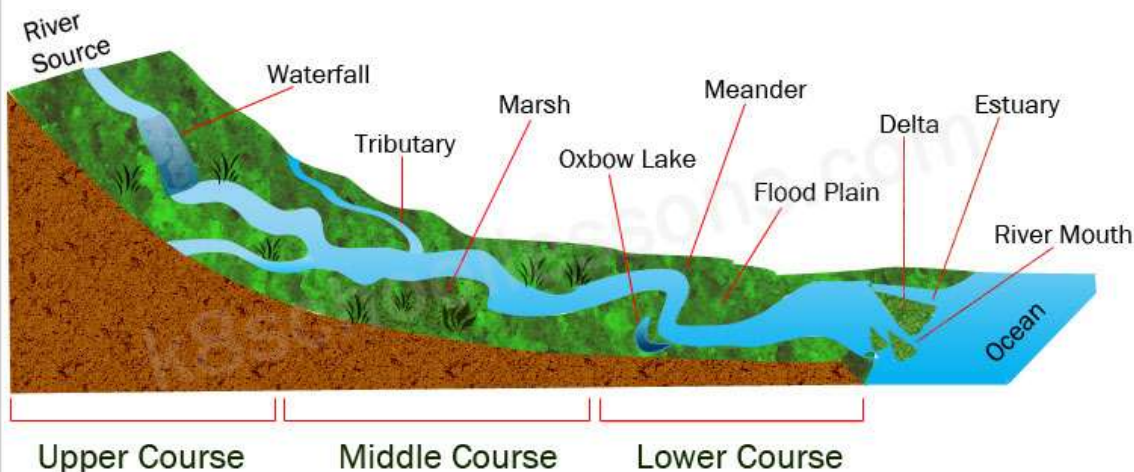
1. Describe the different types of weathering. Provide examples of each type.
2. What is erosion? Describe the different types of erosion.

V-Long Answer Question - 5 marks

1. Describe the geomorphic process of denudation. How do weathering, erosion, and deposition contribute to denudation?

VI-Map-Based Case Study - 4 marks

Study the map of a river system below and answer the questions:



1. Identify and label the different features of the river system, such as the source, course, and mouth.
2. Describe the geomorphic processes that occur in the river system, such as erosion and deposition.

3. Assertion: Deltas are formed by the deposition of sediment carried by rivers.

1. Identify and label the different features of the mountain range, such as peaks, valleys, and ridges.
2. Describe the geological processes that may have shaped the mountain range, such as folding, faulting, or volcanic activity.

WORKSHEET NO. 7

Chapter 7: Composition and Structure of the Atmosphere:

I-Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) - 1 mark each

1. Which gas is the most abundant in the Earth's atmosphere?
A) Oxygen
B) Nitrogen
C) Carbon dioxide
D) Argon
2. The layer of the atmosphere where weather occurs is the:
A) Troposphere
B) Stratosphere
C) Mesosphere
D) Thermosphere
3. The ozone layer is located in the:
A) Troposphere
B) Stratosphere
C) Mesosphere
D) Thermosphere
4. The atmospheric layer that extends from about 50 to 85 km above the Earth's surface is the:
A) Stratosphere
B) Mesosphere
C) Thermosphere
D) Exosphere
5. Which of the following gases is a greenhouse gas?
A) Oxygen
B) Nitrogen
C) Carbon dioxide
D) Argon

II-True or False Questions - 1 mark each

1. The Earth's atmosphere is composed mostly of oxygen. (True/False)
2. The troposphere is the hottest layer of the atmosphere. (True/False)
3. The ozone layer protects the Earth from harmful UV radiation. (True/False)
4. The stratosphere is the layer of the atmosphere where weather occurs. (True/False)
5. The atmosphere is divided into five distinct layers. (True/False)

III-Assertion-Reason Questions - 1 mark each

1. Assertion: The troposphere is the layer of the atmosphere where weather occurs.
Reason: The troposphere contains most of the Earth's atmospheric water vapor.
2. Assertion: The ozone layer protects the Earth from harmful UV radiation.
Reason: Ozone molecules absorb UV radiation.
3. Assertion: The stratosphere is a stable layer of the atmosphere.

- **Volcano**
- **Seismograph**

B. On a chart paper draw any of the following:-

- **Layers of the atmosphere**
- **Tectonic plates and their location**
- **Movement of the Indian plate**
- **Karst topography**
- **Fluvial or Aeolian topography**